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10MCA23

Second Semester MCA Degree Examination, June 2012
Data Structures Using 'C'

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1. a. What are pointers? Explain the operators associated with pointer operations. Briefly discuss pointer arithmetic operations. **(08 Marks)**
b. Define abstract data type (ADT). Describe complex numbers as an ADT which supports addition and subtraction operations. **(06 Marks)**
c. Let $f(n) = 10n^3 + 5$. Explain $f(n)$ using Big – Theta (θ) notation. **(06 Marks)**
2. a. Explain structures and unions. **(08 Marks)**
b. Discuss how one dimensional array of integers is declared in C using static and dynamic allocation. **(06 Marks)**
c. Explain sparse matrix. Discuss how sparse matrix shown below is represented differently using array.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 15 & 0 & 0 & 22 & 0 & -15 \\ 0 & 11 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 91 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 28 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(06 Marks)

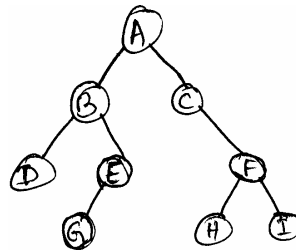
3. a. Convert the following infix expressions to postfix and prefix expressions : **(06 Marks)**
i) $a \times (b+c)/d-g$ ii) $a \times ((b + c \times d) / g + h) - f$ iii) $(a + b) \times d + e / (f + a \times b) + c$.
b. Write an algorithm to convert a valid infix expression to pestfix expression and trace the algorithm with the contents of the stack for the expression $a \times (b + c) \times d$. **(08 Marks)**
c. Explain queue as a data structure. Write C functions for insert and delete operations for a circular queue of integers. **(06 Marks)**
4. a. Discuss about linked list. List the advantages and disadvantages of linked lists over arrays. Write the syntax for defining a node that can store a complex number. **(06 Marks)**
b. Write an algorithm to invert (reverse) a singly linked list i.e. arrange the nodes in reverse order. **(06 Marks)**
c. Consider the polynomial given below : $a_4x^4 + a_3x^3 + a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0$.
i) Define a node in C to store one term data in a node.
ii) Diagrammatically represent the polynomial as a linked list. **(08 Marks)**
iii) Write an algorithm to search the linked list of above polynomial for a term with x^k .
5. a. Explain tree as a data structure. **(06 Marks)**
b. Define the following trees with examples :
i) Complete Binary tree ii) Binary search tree iii) Threaded Binary tree. **(06 Marks)**

(06 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, $42+8=50$, will be treated as malpractice.

- c. Write the inorder, preorder, postorder and level order sequence for the tree given below :

(04 Marks)



- d. Write a C function to count the number of nodes in a binary tree.

(04 Marks)

- 6
- Write an algorithm to insert an element into a binary search tree. (06 Marks)
 - Explain single and double ended priority queues. (06 Marks)
 - Define a graph. What is an adjacency matrix? Show an example for adjacency matrix with respect to a weighted graph. (04 Marks)
 - Write an algorithm for depth first search (DFS). (04 Marks)
- 7
- Define Binomial, Fibonacci and Pairing heaps with examples. (09 Marks)
 - Define Red – Black tree. Explain how insertion and deletion is done in Red – Black trees. (06 Marks)
 - Differentiate between Binary search tree and Optimal Binary search tree. (05 Marks)
- 8 Write short notes on :
- Role of stack in recursion.
 - Doubly linked list.
 - AVL trees.
 - Asymptotic Notations. (20 Marks)
